

Global Trade Weekly Bulletin

June 10th-June 16th, 2019

International Trade

After ending GSP benefits for India at the beginning of this month, the United States has signalled that it is open to discussing a revival of the GSP benefits. While the Indian government had termed the move unfortunate, it decided not to push for



reinstatement of the GSP benefits would only impact exports of goods worth \$5.6 billion, while the entire value of exports from

India to the US is \$230 billion. However, this week US Secretary of State Mike Pompeo indicated that revival of GSP benefits will be discussed during his visit to Delhi later this month. Recently the US Secretary of Commerce Wilbur Ross had also urged the Indian Government to open up the Indian economy.

Foreign Investment

Changes in e-commerce regulations have had little impact on Investment in the sector. According to new e-commerce regulations, e-commerce firms with foreign investors are barred from selling items from entities which they control or in which they hold a stake. Walmart, which holds a 77% stake in Flipkart

said that
"had very
little impact
either on
customer
experience
or on the
company's



financials" in its latest filing. Amazon also intends to invest an additional INR 2800 crore into its Indian arm after shutting down its Chinese subsidiary. This takes total funding from the American etailer to its Indian subsidiary to INR 30,090 crore. Amazon announced that intends to invest over UNR 35,000 crore in India. India's ecommerce revenues are expected to jump up to \$120 billion in 2020 from \$39 billion in 2017, according to the Indian Brand Equity Foundation.

Geopolitical Insights

1. The race to become the <u>next UK prime</u> <u>minister</u> is heating up. <u>Boris Johnson seems</u> <u>to be emerging as the clear front runner</u>, winning 114 votes in the first round of voting

by conservative members of the parliament. The runner up, Jeremy Hunt managed only 43



votes. Mr Johnson, an ardent Brexit supporter, has repeatedly voiced his backing for a no-deal Brexit, a scenario which many experts have said will be catastrophic for the UK. Mr Johnson also does not intend to pay the Brexit financial settlement promised to the EU. Remain and soft-Brexit supporting Conservative leadership candidates are considering an alliance to stop Mr Johnson from becoming Prime Minister.

2. Massive protests rocked Hong Kong this week as hundreds of thousands citizens took to the streets to protest a new crime bill which would allow for Hong Kong citizens to be extradited and tried in China. Hong Kong, officially known as the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China, has separate governing and economic systems than China. Hong



Kong has
its own
legal
system and
borders,
and rights
including
free speech

and freedom of assembly. But in recent years an increasing authoritative China has attempted to erode the freedoms available to citizens in Hong Kong with the help of a pro-Beijing Hong Kong government. A new bill which would de-facto expose Hong Kong citizens to China's harsh judicial and penal system prompted over a million citizens to protest. There is widespread fear that the new bill would allow extradition of democratic activists to Mainland China.

3. Pakistan appears to be facing a textbook economic crisis as economic growth has fallen to a nine year low. Government revenues have stalled and youth employment is reaching

double
figures. Due
to a
widening
current
account
deficit the
Pakistan
Central



Bank has increased interest rates. It increasing looks as if Imran Khan's government will have to approach the IMF for a bailout, the 13th such bailout since the 1980s.